

Subsection (b) presently appears as Article 66C, section 153(b) of the Code.

Subsection (c) is new language derived from section 153(c) of the Code which is proposed for deletion.

Article 66C, section 153(d) of the Code is proposed for deletion in light of the uniform penalty provision of this title.

The only other changes made are in style.

10-607. GUNNING RIG LICENSE.

(A) GUNNING RIG LICENSE REQUIRED; EXCEPTION. - A RESIDENT WHO DESIRES TO HUNT WILD WATERFOWL FROM A GUNNING RIG FIRST SHALL OBTAIN A GUNNING RIG LICENSE IN ADDITION TO A HUNTER'S LICENSE. HOWEVER, THE DEPARTMENT MAY NOT REQUIRE A PERSON HUNTING WILD WATERFOWL FROM A GUNNING RIG IN AN AREA PROTECTED BY HIS LICENSED BLIND SITE TO OBTAIN A GUNNING RIG LICENSE.

(B) APPLICATION. - A PERSON MAY APPLY FOR A GUNNING RIG LICENSE TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE GUNNING RIG IS KEPT OR MOORED WHEN NOT IN USE DURING THE HUNTING SEASON. EACH APPLICANT SHALL CERTIFY THAT HE IS A RESIDENT OF THE STATE AND THAT HE WILL COMPLY WITH THE FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS CONTROLLING THE HUNTING OF WILD WATERFOWL. IF TWO OR MORE RESIDENTS OWN THE SAME RIG, ALL PARTIES SHALL SIGN THE APPLICATION.

(C) ISSUANCE; FEE. - THE CLERK SHALL ISSUE THE LICENSE UPON PAYMENT OF A \$5.50 FEE. THE CLERK SHALL RETAIN 50 CENTS TO COVER THE ISSUING COSTS. IN CASE OF RESIDENT CO-OWNERSHIP, THE LICENSE MAY BE ISSUED IN EVERY NAME.

(D) DURATION OF LICENSE. - A GUNNING RIG LICENSE SHALL EXPIRE ON JUNE 30 OF EACH YEAR FOLLOWING THE DATE OF ISSUANCE.

(E) NON-TRANSFERABILITY. - A GUNNING RIG LICENSE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE.

(F) CONFISCATION. - IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY PROVIDED BY THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE, THE